

Олимпиадные задания школьного этапа Всероссийской олимпиады школьников по английскому для учащихся 7-8 классов 2022-2023 учебный год

Раздел 1. Чтение

Задание 1.

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 1-6 частями предложений, обозначенными буквами A-G. Одна из частей в списке A-G лишняя. Занесите букву, обозначающую соответствующую часть предложения, в таблицу.

British people are friendly, but there are some important things every visitor should know when spending time with them. When you meet someone for the first time, it's normal to shake hands firmly, (1) _____, both in formal and semi-formal situations. On subsequent meetings, this is not usually expected unless you haven't seen someone for a while. While the habit of exchanging kisses is (2) _____ amongst younger people, it should not be initiated by visitors and should generally be restricted to family members and to people you have already met and like. (3) _____, British people feel uncomfortable if you stand too close, so try to keep some distance. Also it's important to make eye contact when talking to Brits, but (4) _____, or you'll come across as rude or impolite. Gestures such as hugging or backslapping are not recommended. On the whole, British people (5) _____ demonstrative than some other nationalities. They do not raise their voices or use gestures a lot to emphasize a point and shouting is (6) _____.

If you keep these points in mind, you'll have a much more comfortable, enjoyable visit to Britain.

- A. don't overdo it
- B. regardless of gender
- C. tend to be less
- D. never acceptable
- E. a growing trend
- F. unfortunately
- G. in terms of personal space

1	2	3	4	5	6
b	e	g	a	c	d

Задание 2.

Прочитайте текст и установите, какие утверждения являются правдивыми (**True**), какие ложными (**False**), а о каких в тексте не сказано (**Not Stated**). Занесите ответы в таблицу.

The koala is a small bear-like animal that looks like a soft toy. The animal is cute and non-aggressive, but it's difficult to see a koala in the Zoo and no one ever keeps them as pets. Why is it so?

The main reason why people shouldn't try to take koalas out from their natural home is their diet. It's a strict diet of eucalyptus leaves as koalas practically never eat anything else. In Australia there are over 600 types of eucalyptus, but koalas eat only 40-50 varieties with only about 10 being preferred. And even if you find the koala's most favourite tree and plant it in your backyard, you won't be able to supply your koala-pet with food anyway. The thing is that koalas eat only fresh young leaves, and the tree has few of them. So, to keep a koala happy and healthy, you would have to plant about 100 eucalyptus trees!

It's difficult to explain why koalas love eucalyptus leaves so much. The leaves are tough and feel like rubber. They have very few calories and they are poisonous to most animals. Koalas, however, cope with such a diet easily. Nature has equipped them with specialised adaptations. Each koala eats approximately 200 to 500 grams of leaves per day. They are very slow eaters and they manage to get the maximum amount of energy from such a small amount of food. They also sleep for up to 18 hours per day in order to conserve energy.

Koalas spend all their lives on eucalyptus trees and they don't have any need to leave them. Normally the animals don't drink water as they receive it from the leaves. For this reason the koala got its name from an ancient Aboriginal word meaning "no drink".

Koalas live in societies, just like humans, so they need to be able to come into contact with other koalas. They live in suitable eucalyptus forests which are large enough to support a healthy koala population and to allow for expansion by maturing young koalas. In spite of their peaceful and sleepy look, koalas are highly territorial animals and don't allow strangers to approach their "home trees" and "food trees".

A female koala gives birth to only one baby in one or two years. It's hairless, blind and very little – about 2 cms long! It gets into the mother's pouch – a special pocket of skin on the stomach – and stays there for six or seven months. Then it gets out of the pouch but stays with the mother until it's about one year old. Koalas are slow-breeding animals and their population can't grow fast. The animals were in danger of extinction at the beginning of the 20th century when the koala was hunted for its fur. Fortunately, the population has been restored and today the Australian government doesn't consider the koala as endangered.

1. To keep koalas as pets is very difficult.
2. Most animals enjoy eating fresh eucalyptus leaves.
3. Koalas eat low-calorie food.
4. Koalas are more active at night than at daytime.
5. Koalas protect their territory from other koalas.
6. The baby koala can easily recognize its mother among other female koalas.
7. The number of koalas in Australia is falling down dramatically.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
True	True	True	Not stated	Not stated	True	False

Раздел 2. Лексико-грамматический тест

Задание 1.

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Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных буквами **B1-B9**, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<p>What do three hearts, eight arms and one huge brain add up to? An octopus, a B1 creature that can do amazing things. Octopuses are extremely intelligent. They have even learnt a few tricks to get them out of sticky situations, as for example, when it is afraid of a predator. As octopuses don't have B2 teeth or sharp claws to B3 defend themselves, they hide B4 themselves in the sand on the bottom of the ocean floor. Do you want to know how they do that? Well, the octopus is like a chameleon because it can change the B5 colour of its skin to match the sand. This color change happens in B6 less than a minute. Some octopuses like to stay in more shallow water where there are rocks and coral. Because B7 octopuses are invertebrates, they can squeeze themselves into small spaces between the rocks to get out of reach of predators. Another way an octopus can hide is by B8 shedding ink. An octopus uses a part of its body called a siphon to shoot ink into the water. The ink forms a cloud that hides the octopus. It's like a B9 magiceer doing a vanishing act.</p>	<p>Octopus Create Little Shoot Tooth Magic Defensive They Colorful</p>
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Задание 2.

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Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами **B1-B10**. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям **B1-B10**, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите номер выбранного вами варианта ответа.

Pumpkins For All Seasons

Pumpkins grow on vines or bushes. Most pumpkins weigh only a few kilos. But some pumpkins grow to be huge. Pumpkins belong to gourd **B1** 2. They are **B2** 4 to melons, cucumbers and squashes. Some people call pumpkin vegetables. But others, including scientists, call them fruit. Pumpkins have hard skins and seeds in the centre. And they **B3** 1 more vitamin A than almost any other fruit.

Pumpkins get their start when bees fertilize their flowers. The bees **B4** 3 pollen from the male to female flowers. No pumpkins will grow if the female flower is not pollinated at the right time.

Pumpkins are an **B5** 2 part of the American celebration of Halloween on October 31. Many families visit farms or farmers markets so their children can **B6** 4 the pumpkins they want. They remove the insides of the pumpkin and cut shapes in the outside to **B7** 1 a face. They put lighted candles inside the pumpkin lanterns they have made. Then they place the pumpkins outside their homes or in the windows. Americans also use pumpkins for cooking, **B8** 3 during the American holiday of Thanksgiving Day in late November. People have grown pumpkins in North and Central America for thousands of years. Tradition says early **B9** 2 ate pumpkin pie, or something similar to it. People also use pumpkin in bread, cakes and other baked **B10** 4. Many Americans also like to eat baked pumpkin seeds. In America, you can buy processed pumpkin in cans. Whole fresh pumpkins can be kept for weeks in a cool, dark place.

B1	1) group	2) family	3) species	4) category
B2	1) associated	2) coupled with	3) bring together	4) related
B3	1) contain	2) keep	3) carry	4) hold
B4	1) disperse	2) scatter	3) spread	4) distribute
B5	1) required	2) important	3) best	4) needed
B6	1) refuse	2) disregard	3) accept	4) choose
B7	1) make	2) prepare	3) model	4) impel
B8	1) therefore	2) somewhat	3) especially	4) remarkably
B9	1) migrants	2) settlers	3) citizens	4) dwellers
B10	1) fabric	2) boxes	3) dishes	4) goods

Раздел 3. Письмо

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You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Jill who writes:

From: Jill@mail.uk
To: Russian_friend@sdamgia.ru
Subject: Holidays
<p><i>...I've just returned from China. They were celebrating the Chinese New Year there. Lots of people were dressed like dragons...</i></p> <p><i>What holidays are the most popular in Russia? What is your favourite holiday and why? How do you celebrate it?</i></p>

Write an e-mail to Jill. In your message:

- **answer her questions;**
- **ask three questions about her trip to China.**

Write 100-140 words. Remember the rules of writing.

Dear Jill,

Спасибо большое!

pun

How are you? Did you enjoy your trip to China? Is it very interesting? ^{log}
go? there? I've always dreamed of visiting ~~the~~ Chinese New Year, I think it's very different
from the Russian New Year. By the way, you asked about the most popular Russian
holidays, the New Year is one of them. We celebrate it on the night of December 31
to January 1. Most Russians spend it at home with their family. And the Patronymic Defense
Day is also very popular, we celebrate it on February 23. Previously, only those men who
fought were congratulated, but now we congratulate all men and boys. And on March 8, they
congratulate women because Women's Day is celebrated on this day. But February 23 and March
8 are not comparable to Easter. Easter is a very big holiday. All people eat cakes and
colored eggs. At Easter, there is a tradition to go to visit to give eggs and kiss three times on the
cheeks. And people also say "Christ is risen", and they are answered "Truly risen". Russian
holidays are very fun and sometimes unusual for foreigners, many even like our holidays, but
personally I don't have a favourite holiday. I like New Year, March 8 and Easter. I can't single
out any one of them all.

I'll be waiting for an answer ^m from you. I really hope that we will be able to meet.

Love,

Vika

sp

абзаца!

только 2 вопроса!

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